## Information on the Data File

## 24 hours before elections (Senate election)

Two surveys conducted on the panel of respondents, before the first and the second round of elections to the Senate of the Czech Parliament in 1996

## A. TECHNICAL INFORMATION

## Country: Czech Republic.

## Fieldwork Date:

Survey 1 - from November 15 to November 16, 1996
Survey 2 - from November 22 to November 23, 1996

## Investigator:

SC\&C (Prague) for Czech Television.

## Context of the Survey:

Merged data file results from two surveys conducted on the panel of respondents. First survey was fielded during the period of 48 hours before the first round of election for the Senate of the Parliament of the Czech Republic in 1996, second survey was conducted during the period of 24 hours before the second round. The results were aired on Czech television as a part of electoral news.
Both surveys were organized by SC\&C. The fieldwork was carried out by Aktuel (Prague) under supervision of SC\&C.
After the election the research continued in third survey of the same panel of respondents. Its data are not included in the file.

General Population: Adult population (over 18) in the Czech Republic.

## Sampling Procedure:

1) Probability stratified sample on the base of regional and political segmentation prepared by SC\&C.
2) Cluster sampling of localities.
3) Selection of individuals - random walk with quote ending (sex, age, education).
4) Selected sample was used in both surveys.
$\mathrm{N}=1174$
Response rate information is not provided because of the sampling method used.

## Fieldwork Method:

Standardized interview.

## Weighting:

The data should be weighted. Weighting variable VAHA1 was constructed on the bases of the official results and participation in elections.

## Elections to the Parliament of the Czech Republic in 1996:

The elections in 1996 were the first regular parliamentary elections in the newly established Czech Republic. After the split of the Czechoslovak Federation into the Czech Republic and the Slovak Republic in 1993 the Czech National Council became the Lower House of the Parliament of the Czech Republic - the Chamber of Deputies.
There were two elections in the Czech Republic in 1996. The new electoral system to the Parliament of the Czech Republic was adopted in 1995. On the base of its amendments was held elections to the Chamber of Deputies (the lower house of the Parliament) as well as new elections to the Senate (the upper house).
The elections for the Chamber of Deputies were held from Friday, 31 May to Saturday, 1 June. The electoral system is based on the principle of proportional representation. The chamber has 200 Deputies who shall be elected for a term of four years.

The Senate shall have 81 members, which are elected by direct franchise according to the principles of the majority system. There were established 81 single-mandate election districts for the election of senators so, that each of them includes the territory having approximately the same amount of population. There is one senator being elected for the period of 6 years in each of these districts.
Pursuant to the Constitution of the Czech Republic in this first election to the Senate there are senators elected in all 81 election districts, with the exception of one third of them being elected only for two years, one third of them for four years and the last third of them for six years. From this scheme arises, that within the next years the election to the Senate shall be held every two years always in 27 election districts, while the term of post of so elected senators shall be always six years.

The first elections to the Senate (two rounds) were held in November 1996.
First round: from November 15 to November 16, 1996.
Second round: from November 22 to November 23, 1996.
Results: Number of senators by the political parties

| PARTY ID | Number of Senators |
| :--- | :---: |
| KDU-CSL | 11 |
| CSSD | 23 |
| ODA | 3 |
| KSCM | 2 |
| ODS | 32 |
| No party | 10 |

## B. INFORMATION ON VARIABLES

ATTENTION: 24 hours before Senate election data file has been merged from data of two surveys of the same panel of respondents. Therefore first there are variables, which correspond to the questionnaire of the first survey, than variables of the second survey were attached.

| DOTAZNIK | questionnaire no. |
| :--- | :--- |
| TAZATEL | inquirer |
| LOKALITA | locality code |
| DATUM | date |
| HODINA | hour |
| DELKA | length in min. |
|  |  |
| A1 | Most appealing party |
| A2 | Least appealing party |
| A3 | Party voted for Chamber of Deputies |

From the following list, please choose the parties which are, in your opinion, the most appealing, the least appealing, and for which you voted.

1) In your opinion, which party is the most appealing? Please choose only one party.
2) In your opinion, which party is the least appealing? Please choose only one party.
3) And which of the parties did you vote for the Chamber of Deputies in May, this year?

| q. 1 - no. of the most appealing party |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| q. 2 - no. of the least appealing party |  |
| q. $3-$ no. of the party from 1996 |  |

## A4 Why this party?

4) If you took part in Parliamentary election please state why you voted for this party. Please choose only the most important reason.
5) it is a strong party
6) it bothers me the least
7) there are strong people in it
8) it has a good election program
9) I trust it
10) it offers a good outlook for the future
11) it is led by appealing people
12) other reason

## A5 Party voted in 1992-Czech Nat.Council

5) Please try to remember which party you voted for the Czech National Council in the 1992.

| 2 | CSSD | Czechoslovak Social Democratic Party |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | ODS-KDS | Civic Democratic Party |
| 8 | ODA | Civic Democratic Aliance |
| 10 | KDU-CSL | Christian Democratic Union - Czech People's Party |
| 15 | LB | Left block - coalition of The Communist Party of Bohemia and Moravia and The <br> Party of the Democratic Left |
| 17 | SPR-RSC | The Union for Republic - Czechoslovak Party of Republicans |
| 95 | OTHERS | other political party |
| 96 |  | didn't vote |
| 98 |  | can't remember |
| 99 |  | don't want to answer |

6) What is your present intention? Will you vote in the Senate election?

1 definitely not
2 rather not
3 rather yes
4 definitely yes

## A6A

## Reason why will not vote

6a) Can you state the reason of your decision

1) I never take part in any elections
2) I do not agree with the existence of the Senate
3) there is no party running in my election district that would be acceptable for me
4) there is not an acceptable candidate running in my election district
5) I know nothing about the Senate so I have no reason to take part in this election
6) as a whole, the electoral system for the Senate does not seem fair to me
7) most of my friends (relatives etc.) will not vote, so I will not take part as well
8) other reasons

A6B When decided

6b) Can you state when did you decide?

1) Before September
2) In the first week of November
3) In September
4) In the week of the 1 st. round
5) In October

| A7.1 | 1-st:Senator-first name |
| :--- | :--- |
| A7.1P | 1-st:Senator-Surname |
| A7.2 | 1-st:Party |
| A7.3J | 2-nd:Senator-first name |
| A7.3P | 2-nd:Senator-Surname |
| A7.4 | 2-nd:Party |

7) What senator will you vote for? Mention his (her) name.
7.1) name
7.2) What party do you identify him with? party number (card):
7.3) What other candidate do you like?
name:
7.4) What party do you identify him with? party number (card):

A8 Reason for decision
8) What is going to be deciding for your vote?

1) party, that is represented by a candidate
2) personality, without regards to the party
3) combination of both: personality in a party that I support

A9A Party-Personality 1
9a) Which one of the statements describes your decision the best?

1) I want to support a party, even though the candidate does not satisfy me
2) I do not know the candidate well, but I trust the party that appointed him
3) it is a strong personality that persuaded me
4) it is well known personality that most of the people trust

9b) And what reason would you no. from 9a) $\qquad$
put in the second position?
A10.1 Expectation-local politics
A10.2 Expectation-better lows
A10.3 Expectation-interests of people
A10.4 Expectation-nothing special
10) What do you expect from a future senator?

1) support of the local requests in our town / district
2) creation of new and better lows
10
3) ability to enforce interests of people same as I am
10
4) I do not expect anything special from him

0

| A11.1 | R.knows candidate -personally |
| :--- | :--- |
| A11.2 | R.knows candidate -visits r.at home |
| A11.3 | R.knows candidate -meeting |
| A11.4 | R.knows candidate-well known in district |
| A11.5 | R.knows candidate-well known in Czech R. |
| A11.6 | R.knows candidate -political activity |
| A11.7 | R.knows candidate -TV |
| A11.8 | R.knows candidate -radio |
| A11.9 | R.knows candidate -leaflet |
| A11.10 | R.knows candidate -advertisement |
| A11.11 | R.knows candidate -friends |

11) Can you state how did you get to know the candidate that you want to vote for?

| $11.1)$ personaly | 1 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 11.2) he was in our house and introduced himself | 1 | 0 |
| $11.3)$ from a meeting | 1 | 0 |
| $11.4)$ it is a well known person within our district | 1 | 0 |
| 11.5) it is well known person throughout the Republic | 1 | 0 |
| 11.6) from his political activity | 1 | 0 |
| 11.7) from television | 1 | 0 |
| 11.8) from radio | 1 | 0 |
| $11.9)$ from a leaflet | 1 | 0 |
| $11.10)$ from an advertisement | 1 | 0 |
| $11.11)$ from people I know | 1 | 0 |

A12 Family vote
12) How is your family going to vote like?

1) the same as I will; we have the same opinions
2) everyone of us differently
3) I do not know

A13A
2-nd round: vote for the same candidate
13a) Will you vote in the second round if your candidate will get to the second round?

1) yes, and I will vote for him again
0 ) no, I will not vote a second time

| A13B | 2-nd round: vote for other candidate |
| :--- | :--- |
| A13BJMEN | 2-nd round: other name |
| A13BSTR | 2-nd round: other party |

13b) Will you vote in the second round if your candidate will not get to the second round?

1) yes I will vote again, if $\qquad$ from the party stays
(name of a different candidate)
0 ) no, I will not vote for the second time
A14.1 Characteristic: independent-party interest
A14.2 Characteristic: politician-expert
A14.3 Characteristic: flexible-scrupulous
A14.4 Characteristic: locality-society
A14.5 Characteristic: equality-indiv.freedom
2) What characteristic should a senator have according to you?

Mark what you prefer.
$1=$ characteristic on the left side; $5=$ characteristic on the right side

| 1) behaves independently | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | he incites interest in his party |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2) experienced politician | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | excellent expert |
| 3) flexible | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | scrupulous <br> places emphasis on societal <br> 4) places emphasis on local |
| problems | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | problems <br> demands freedom for every <br> individual |  |

## A15 Society informed about the Senate?

15) How well do you think the society is informed about the Senate and its tasks.
16) very badly, nobody talks about it, no one knows anything.
17) rather badly, people do not know much about it
18) quite well, people have some idea
19) very well, most of people know what the Senate's task is

## A16A <br> R. informed in comparison with others?

16a) How well do you think you are informed about the Senate in comparison with other people.
3) I know more than others
2)I know the same as others

1) I know less than others

## A16B How well R. informed?

16b) How well do you think you are informed about the Senate and its tasks.

1) very badly, I do not know anything.about it
2) rather badly, I do not know much about it
3) quite well, I have some idea
4) very well, I know what the Senate's task is

| A17.1 | Information source -newspapers |
| :--- | :--- |
| A17.2 | Information source -radio |
| A17.3 | Information source -TV |
| A17.4 | Information source -friends |
| A17.5 | Information source -meeting |
| A17.6 | Information source -other |

17) Where did you get most of the information concerning the Senate.

Pick random number of options.

|  | yes | no |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 17.1) from newspapers (from which one:.....................................) | 1 | 0 |
| 17.2) from radio (from what station: ....................................) | 1 | 0 |
| 17.3) from television (from which one: ......................................) | 1 | 0 |
| 17.4) from people I know | 1 | 0 |
| 17.5) in an election meeting | 1 | 0 |
| 17.6) elsewhere ............................................................................ | 1 | 0 |

A18 R. watched interview with Havel
18) Did you watch the interview with President Havel on Czech television last week?

1) yes, I watched it
2)no, but I heard about it
2) no, I know nothing about it

## A19 Interview improved information

19) Has the interview improved your being well-informed about the Senate?
20) yes, considerably improved
21) yes, rather improved
22) no, has not improved at all

## A20 Interview changed Rs opinion

20) Did your opinion about the Senate changed after this interview?
21) yes, considerably
22) yes, rather
23) no, not at all

## Interview influenced R. to vote

21) Has this interview influenced your decision to vote?
22) yes
23) no

A22 Is Senate useful?
22) Now we will focus on the Senate. Do you suppose that:

1) Senate is a necessary and useful institution?
2) Senate is an unnecessary institution, but since it is in the Constitution, it should exist.
3) Senate is absolutely unnecessary institution, and it should be canceled.

A23.1 Senate -office for unemployed politicians
A23.2 Senate -is unnecessary expensive
A23.3 Senate -needed for keeping democracy
A23.4 Senate -fortify influence of regions
A23.5 Senate -deserves public trust
A23.6 Senate -fortify influence of big parties
23) Please state to what extent you agree with the following statements concerning the Senate.

1 = 1 definitely disagree; 2 = 1 disagree; 3 = 1 neither disagree or agree; $4=1$ agree; $5=1$ definitely agree
23.1) Senate is an office for unemployed politicians.
23.2) Senate does not need to exist - it is unnecessary expense.
23.3) Senate is needed for keeping democracy
23.4) Senate will fortify influence of regions in federal politics
23.5) Senate deserves public trust.
23.6) Senate will fortify influence of big political parties.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

A24 The number of senators
24) Do you know how many senators the Senate consist of?
.senators2) I do not know
A25.1 Correct? Senate is part of Parliament
A25.2 Correct? Majority:low particip.=inval.election
A25.3 Correct? Senators elected for 6 years
A25.4 Correct? Senate votes on confidence of government
A25.5 Correct? No Senate=Constitut. not fulfilled
25) Based on the information you know concerning the Senate, decide, which is correct.

|  | yes | no |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 25.1) The Senate is a part of Parliament. | 1 | 0 |
| 25.2) A majority electoral system means that if the majority of people |  |  |
| do not participate in the election, election is invalid. | 1 | 0 |
| 25.3) In this year's election, are all the senators elected for 6 year terms. | 1 | 0 |
| 25.4) Senate votes on the confidence in the government. | 1 | 0 |
| 25.5) Without the Senate, the Constitution of the Republic is not fulfilled. | 1 | 0 |

## A26 Evaluation of campaign

26) How do you evaluate before-election campaign to the Senate?
27) campaign was week and unexpressive
28) campaign was boring and uninteresting
29) campaign was good and helped me to decide
30) campaign was very expressive and interesting

A27 Situation in the Czech R.
27) In what direction is the situation in the Czech Republic heading?
3 ) it is heading in a good direction
2) it is heading in a bad direction

1) it is heading nowhere

## A28 Satisfaction-election Chamber of Deputies

28) How satisfied are you with this year election to the Chamber of Deputies?

| very unsatisfied |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |

29) Imagine that next weak will be held a new election to the Chamber of Deputies. What party would you vote for? (party number from the Card of Political Parties) $\qquad$
A30.1 The government is too strong
A30.2 Opposition is too strong
A30.3 The government is too weak
A30.4 The opposition is too weak
30) Please, can you state to what extent you agree with the following statements?

1 = I definitely disagree; 2 = I disagree; 3 = I neither disagree or agree; 4 =I agree; 5 =I definitely agree
30.1) The government is so strong that no one can criticize or go against it. $\quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 5$
30.2) Opposition is too strong. It is impossible for the government to govern. $\quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 5$
30.3) The government is too weak. It cannot enforce its ideas

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

30.4) The opposition is too weak. It is unable to prevent the government from doing anything. $1 \begin{array}{lllll} & 2 & 3 & 4\end{array}$

## A31 Satisfaction with political situation

31) How satisfied are you with this political situation?
very unsatisfied very satisfied

## A32A Disqualification of candidates by UVK

32a) Please state your opinion about an event that happened recently.
While submitting applications to the Central Election Committee (UVK), several candidates for the Senate were disqualified because of poorly filled out applications. Nevertheless, the Constitutional Court allowed the majority of them their participate.

1) I agree with the decision of the UVK
2) I agree with the decision of the Constitutional Court
3) I do not know

A32.1 Politician must set an example
A32.2 To forgive a politician his mistakes
A32.3 Bad laws should be cancelled
A32.4 Law is for everyone, politicians alike
32) State to what level do you agree with the following statements.

1 = I definitely disagree; $2=1$ disagree; $3=1$ neither disagree or agree; $4=1$ agree; $5=I$ definitely agree
32.1) A politician must set an example by obeying everyday rules.
32.2) A politician has so much work that it is necessary to forgive him his mistakes.
32.3) Bad and bureaucratically laws which have no meaning should be canceled.
32.4) A law is for everyone, politicians alike.

## A33A 1-st priority in politics

33a) Which one of the following things should be, according to you, resolved first.? Pick one option.

1) security of citizens
2) agriculture
3) corruption
4) export of Czech goods
5) health care
6) small businesses
7) educational system
8) banking
9) housing

A33B
2-nd priority in politics
33b) And which one of these things should be resolved second?

34a) Imagine, that ODS wins markedly in the Senate election. According to you, it will cause:

1) stability
2) instability
3) early elections

A34B What will cause CSSD win
34b) Imagine, that CSSD wins markedly the Senate election. According to you, it will cause:

1) stability
2) instability
3) early elections

A34C What will cause equal power-ODS,CSSD
34c) Imagine, that CSSD and ODS wins markedly the Senate elections and their power will be equal. According to you, it will cause:

1) stability
2) instability
3) early elections

A35A. 1 CSSD complicates political situation
A35A. 2 KDU-CSL complicates political situation
A35A. 3 KSCM complicates political situation
A35A. 4 ODA complicates political situation
A35A. 5 ODS complicates political situation
A35A. 6 SPR complicates political situation
A35A. 7 Others complicate political situation
A35A. $8 \quad$ Parliament complicates political situation
A35A. 9 Government complicates political situation
A35A. 10 Media complicate political situation
A35B. 1 CSSD resolving difficult situation
A35B. 2 KDU-CSL resolving difficult situation
A35B. 3 KSCM resolving difficult situation
A35B. 4 ODA resolving difficult situation
A35B. 5 ODS resolving difficult situation
A35B. 6 SPR resolving difficult situation
A35B. 7 Others resolving difficult situation
A35B. 8 Parliament resolving difficult situation
A35B. 9 Government resolving difficult situation
A35B. 10 Media resolving difficult situation

35a) Today's political situation is difficult. Who, according to you complicates it.
Pick as many you want.

|  | yes | no |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 35.1) CSSD | 1 | 0 |
| 35.2) KDU-CSL | 1 | 0 |
| 35.3) KSCM | 1 | 0 |
| 35.4) ODA | 1 | 0 |
| 35.5) ODS | 1 | 0 |
| 35.6) SPR-RSC | 1 | 0 |
| 35.7) other parties | 1 | 0 |
| 35.8) Parliament | 1 | 0 |
| 35.9) government | 1 | 0 |
| 35.10) media | 1 | 0 |

35b) And who, according to you, contributes the most to resolving difficult situations?
Pick as many you want.

|  | yes | no |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 35.1) CSSD | 1 | 0 |
| 35.2) KDU-CSL | 1 | 0 |
| 35.3) KSCM | 1 | 0 |
| 35.4) ODA | 1 | 0 |
| 35.5) ODS | 1 | 0 |
| 35.6) SPR-RSC | 1 | 0 |
| 35.7) other parties | 1 | 0 |
| 35.8) Parliament | 1 | 0 |
| 35.9) government | 1 | 0 |
| 35.10) media | 1 | 0 |

36) When you summarize your political opinions, where would you place yourself in the political scale, from left wing to right wing.

| extreme left |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |

## A37 A=individual freedom; $B=$ equality

37) Which one of the following statements do you agree with? Freedom and equality are both important, but if I should pick one or the other I would consider to be more important:
A) individual freedom allows you to live free and develop without regulations.
B) equality means that no one is advanced and social differences are not that major.
38) I agree with $A$
39) I agree with $B$
0 ) I do not agree with either

## A38 $A=c h i l d$ to keep rules; $B=c h i l d$ be free

38) Which one of the following statements do you agree with.
A) Children should be taught, from when they are young, how to keep the rules of the society.
B) Children should be free to get to know on their own, what they can afford in their life and what they cannot.
39) I agree with $A$
2)I agree with B
$0)$ I do not agree with either
A39A
Which system is more fair
A39B
Which system to be more convenient for CR
40) There are two electoral systems used in our country:
41) According to the first system; a political party gets seats in the Parliament, based on the number of votes it receives from throughout the Czech Republic. A party can get into Parliament, if it is elected by more than $5 \%$ of the total voters.
42) According to the second system; a political party gets as many seats in the Parliament corresponding with the number of election districts in which the party won. A candidate wins if elected by more than half of the voters.

39A) Decide, which one of both of the two systems seems to be more fair to you:
1-st system
2-nd system
0 ) I do not know

39 B) Decide, which one seems to you to be more convenient for the CR .
1-st system
2-nd system
0 ) I do not know

## POHL40

SEX
40) Sex:

1) male
2) female

## VZDEL41 EDUCATION

41) What is the highest level of education have you completed?
42) primary
43) vocational
44) secondary
45) university

ROK42
BIRTH YEAR
42) In what year were you born? $\qquad$

## VRSTVA43 SOCIAL CLASS

43) What social class or strata would you classify yourself?

| lower | 1 | none of that | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| lower middle | 2 | refused this concept |  |
| middle | 3 | of differentiation | 7 |
| upper middle | 4 | refused the answer | 8 |
| upper | 5 | do not know | 9 |

## KRAJ44 REGION

44) Region of the respondent:
45) Prague
46) Central Bohemia
47) South Bohemia
48) West Bohemia
49) North Bohemia
50) East Bohemia
51) South Moravia
52) North Moravia

## BYDL45 SIZE OF THE COMMUNITY

45) Size of community of respondent's residence:
46) less than 2 thousands inhabitants
47) 2-5 thousands inhabitants
48) 5-10 thousands inhabitants
49) 10-50 thousands inhabitants
50) 50-100 thousands inhabitants
51) more than 100 thousands inhabitants
52) Brno
53) Prague

## A46

46) What is your employment? Pick one option.
47) worker
48) state employee
49) other employee
50) agricultural worker (collective/private)
51) businessman/woman
52) retired
53) housewife
54) student, pupil, aprentice
55) unemployed
56) other

## BIS47 Vicechairman Lux-Information Service(BIS)scandal

47) Mr. Josef Lux, the vice-chairman, announced on the television that he was watched by the Protection Information service BIS. Have you heard about this scandal?
48) no, I have not heard it
49) I heard of it, but I did not pay any attention
50) yes, I heard it and I watched its evolution

## BIS48 Scandal: Rs attitude

48) Which one of these statements corresponds with your opinion?
A) This kind of scandals do not interest me.
B) It is just a part of the pre-election politics.
C) There are many scandals like that. They do not interest me.
D) I do not believe, that something like that could happen.
E) The news is very important. It changes the picture of our politics.

## BIS49 Scandal: impact on Senate election

49) According to you, will this scandal have an impact on the upcoming vote for the Senate?
50) I do not know
51) no
52) yes

## BIS50 Scandal: impact on Rs vote

50) Has this news influenced your decision whether to vote in the Senate election?
51) no, this news did not have any impact on my original decision
52) yes, originally I did not want to vote, but now I probably will vote.
53) yes, originally I wanted to vote, but I will not vote now

BIS51 Scandal: impact on people
51) In your opinion, will this scandal have an impact on people who are going to vote for to the Senate?

1) I do not know
2) definitely not
3) rather not
4) rather yes
5) definitely yes

BIS52
Scandal: impact on Rs decision
52) Have this news had an impact on your own decision?

1) no
2) yes
3) In your opinion, which party will profit the most from this kind of news?

T : Write your reply here from the card of the political parties (e.g. reply "no one" marked by the code 94).
party number: $\qquad$

## BIS54 Scandal: which party lose

54) In your opinion, what political party will suffer the most because of this news?

T : Write in a reply here from the card of the political parties (e.g. reply "no one " marked by the code 94).
party number $\qquad$

## C.OBVODU

## PRIJMENI

STRANA1 Party of senator in 1-st round - real one
Number of constituency
Name of senator - 1-st round (1-st choice)
2.00 CSSD
3.00 ODS
8.00 ODA
10.00 KDU-CSL
15.00 KSCM
17.00 SPR-RSC
95.00 other
96.00 did not vote
98.00 do not know
99.00 refused

RVEK4
$1.00<29$
2.00 30-44
$3.00 \quad 45-59$
$4.00 \quad 60$ and more
RA24
1.00 wrong answer
$2.00 \quad 80$ or 82
3.00 81=right answer

RA25.1 Correct? Senate is part of Parliament
RA25.2 Correct? Majority:low particip.=inval.election
RA25.3 Correct? Senators elected for 6 years
RA25.4 Correct? Senate votes on confidence of government
RA25.5 Correct? No Senate=Constitut. not fulfilled

| 0.00 | wrong answer |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2.00 | right answer |

VAHA1 WEIGHT - results and participation

## OBVOD Election district

## QUESTIONS FROM SECOND QUESTIONNAIRE

## B1 R: Participation in the 1-st round

1) Did you take part in the first round of elections to the Senate?
2)yes
2) no (continue with question \#5)

## B2JMENO Voted candidate-first name B2PRIJ Voted candidate-surname B2.2STR Voted candidate-party

2) Could you state, which candidate did you vote for?
2.1) name: $\qquad$
2.2) What party do you identify him with? $\qquad$ (party no. from card)

B3A When decided for candidate

3a) When did you decide for this candidate? Pick one possibility.

1) Before September
2) In the first week of November
3) In September
4) In the week of the 1-st round
5) In October

B3B When decided to vote in 1-st round

3b) When did you decide to take part in the first round election to the Senate. Pick one possibility.

1) Before September
2) In the first week of November
3) In September
4) In the week of the 1 st. round
5) In October

B4
Candidate advanced to the 2-nd round
4) Has your candidate advanced to the second election round?
1)no
2)yes
0)Undecided

B5
Will R. vote in 2-nd round
5) Can you state if you will take part in the second round election to the Senate? For all of the respondents.

1) No, I will not vote in the second round
2) Yes, I will vote in the second round

B5A Which candidate will vote for
B5APRIJM Candidate for 2-nd: surname
B5ASTR Candidate for 2-nd: party
5a) And which candidate will you vote for?

1) the same as in the 1 -st election round.
2) candidate different from the 1-st round (name, party) $\qquad$
3) I do not know who I will vote for

6a) Can you state the reasons of your decision? Pick just one option.

1) I will never take part in any election
2) I do not agree with the existence of the Senate
3) there is no party running in my election district that would be acceptable for me
4) there is not an acceptable candidate running in my election district
5) I know nothing about the Senate, so I have no reason to take part in this election
6) majority voting system for the Senate does not seem to be fair to me
7) most of my friends(relatives etc.) will not participate in election, so I will not take part as well.
8) other reasons

## B6B

## Reason of decision

6b)Can you state the reason of your decision? Pick random amount of options.

1) I want to support a party or group of parties.
2) I want to support a candidate
3) my friends (relatives etc.) vote the same.
4) in this situation every vote is needed.

5 ) this is the only way to express myself to the present scandals.

## B7A Party-personality 1

7a)Which one of these statements describes your decision the best? Pick one option only.

1) I want to support party, despite its candidate does not satisfy me.
2) I do not know the candidate as well, but I trust the party that appointed him.
3) he has a strong personality and persuaded me.
4) he is well known personality, that most of the people trust.

B7B Party-personality 2
7b) And which statement would you put in the second place
no. from 7a).........

## B8 When decided to vote in 2-nd

8) When did you decide that you will / will not vote in the 2-nd round Senate election?
9) In Summer
10) In the first week of November
11) In September
12) In the week of the 1st. round
13) In October
6)I will decide this week

B9.1 Characteristic: independent-party interest
B9.2 Characteristic: politician-expert
B9.3 Characteristic: flexible-scrupulous
B9.4 Characteristic: locality-society
B9.5 Characteristic: equality-indiv.freedom
9) What characteristics does your candidate for Senate have? Mark, the characteristics which are closest. $1=$ characteristic on the left side; $5=$ characteristic on the right side; $0=I$ can not judge

| 1) behaves independently | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | he incites interest in his party | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2) experienced politician | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | excellent expert | 0 |
| 3) flexible | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | scrupulous | 0 |
| 4) places emphasis on local <br> problems | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | places emphasis on societal <br> problems | 0 |
| 5) demands human equality | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | demands freedom for every <br> individual | 0 |

## B10 Influence of president Havel speach

10) Was your decision to vote (1-st election round) influenced by the speech of president Havel, which was broadcast on the CT last Thursday evening?
11) no, I did not watch it
12) I watched the speech but it did not changed my decision
13) yes, I watched the speech and it influenced my decision

## B11BIS Scandal BIS: statements

11) The scandal that was caused by the vice-chairman of the government, J. Lux, being watched by the Security Information Service, stirred things up in the politics. Which one of the statements corresponds best with your opinion about this scandal. Pick only one option.
12) This kind of scandals do not interest me.
13) It is just a part of pre-election politics.
14) There are many scandals like this, and they have no great meaning.
15) I do not believe that something like that could happen.
16) The news is very important. It changes the picture of our politics.

## B12BIS Scandal BIS: influence to Rs vote

12) Did this scandal influence your election for the Senate? Pick only one option.
13) no, I do not know about it at all
14) I consider the scandal not to be important
15) no, my decision was firm
16) yes, I decided to vote / not to vote
17) yes, I have changed the election of the candidate
18) How did the election campaign influence your decision?
19) not at all, it was weak
20) not at all, it was boring
21) the campaign was interesting, but I decided myself

4 ) I was convinced by the campaign and its arguments
14) In what direction are things developing in the Czech Republic?
3) to the correct direction
2) to the wrong direction

1) it is heading nowhere

## B15 Satisfaction-results of Senate election

15) Watching the results of the Senate election in the CR, how are you satisfied?
very unsatisfied very satisfied

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## B16 Party voted if election to Chamber next week

16) Imagine that next weak will be held a new election to the Chamber of Deputies. What party would you vote for?
(party number from the Card of Political Parties) $\qquad$
B16A Left-right political; scale
16a) When you summarize your political opinions, where would you place yourself in the political scale, from left wing to right wing.
```
extreme left extreme right
```


## B17 $A=$ individual freedom; $B=$ equality

17) Which one of the following statements do you agree with? Freedom and equality are both important, but if I should pick one or the other I would consider to be more important:
A) individual freedom allows you to live free and develop without regulations.
B) equality means that no one is advanced and social differences are not that major.
18) I agree with $A$
2)I agree with $B$
0 )I do not agree with either

POHL18 SEX
18) Sex:

1) male
2) female

## VZDEL19 EDUCATION

19) What is the highest level of education have you completed?
20) primary
21) vocational
22) secondary
23) university

## ROK20 BIRTH YEAR

20) In what year were you born? $\qquad$
21) What social class or strata would you classify yourself?

| lower | 1 | none of that | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| lower middle | 2 | refused this concept |  |
| middle | 3 | of differentiation | 7 |
| upper middle | 4 | refused the answer | 8 |
| upper | 5 | do not know | 9 |

## KRAJ22

REGION
22) Region of the respondent:

1) Prague
2) Central Bohemia
3) South Bohemia
4) West Bohemia
5) North Bohemia
6) East Bohemia
7) South Moravia
8) North Moravia

## BYDL23 SIZE OF THE COMMUNITY

23) Size of community of respondent's residence:
24) less than 2 thousands inhabitants
25) 2-5 thousands inhabitants
26) 5-10 thousands inhabitants
27) 10-50 thousands inhabitants
28) 50-100 thousands inhabitants
29) more than 100 thousands inhabitants
30) Brno
31) Prague

ZAM24
EMPLOYMENT STATUS
24) What is your employment? Pick one option.

1) worker
2) state employee
3) other employee
4) agricultural worker (collective/private)
5) businessman/woman
6) retired
7) housewife
8) student, pupil, aprentice
9) unemployed
10) other

## AGE OF THE RESPONDENT

VEK4
AGE - groups
$1.00<29$
2.00 30-44
$3.00 \quad 45-59$
4.0060 and more

## STRANA2 Party of senator in 2-nd round

2.00 CSSD
3.00

ODS
8.00

ODA
10.00 KDU-CSL
15.00 KSCM
17.00 SPR-RSC
95.00 other
96.00 did not vote
98.00 do not know
99.00 refused

## FREQUENCIES:










| definitely disagree | 1 | 140 | 11.9 | 12.4 | 12.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| disagree | 2 | 173 | 14.7 | 15.4 | 27.8 |
| neither | 3 | 293 | 25.0 | 26.0 | 53.8 |
| agree | 4 | 207 | 17.6 | 18.4 | 72.1 |
| definitely agree | 5 | 314 | 26.7 | 27.9 | 100.0 |
|  |  | 47 | 4.0 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 1127 | ssing | ases 47 |  |  |  |
| - - - - - | - - | - | - | - - | - - - |
| A23.2 Senate -is unnecessary expensive |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| definitely disagree | 1 | 118 | 10.1 | 10.4 | 10.4 |
| disagree | 2 | 153 | 13.0 | 13.5 | 24.0 |
| neither | 3 | 180 | 15.3 | 15.9 | 39.9 |
| agree | 4 | 250 | 21.3 | 22.1 | 62.0 |
| definitely agree | 5 | 429 | 36.5 | 38.0 | 100.0 |
|  |  | 44 | 3.7 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 1130 | ssing c | ases 44 |  |  |  |
|  | - | - - - - - | - - - - | - - - | - - - |
| A23.3 Senate -needed for keeping democracy |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| definitely disagree | 1 | 256 | 21.8 | 22.8 | 22.8 |
| disagree | 2 | 253 | 21.6 | 22.5 | 45.2 |
| neither | 3 | 302 | 25.7 | 26.8 | 72.1 |
| agree | 4 | 194 | 16.5 | 17.2 | 89.3 |
| definitely agree | 5 | 120 | 10.2 | 10.7 | 100.0 |
|  |  | 49 | 4.2 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 1125 | ssing c | ases 49 |  |  |  |
| - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - |  |  |  |  |  |
| A23.4 Senate -fortify influence of regions |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| definitely disagree | 1 | 237 | 20.2 | 21.2 | 21.2 |
| disagree | 2 | 225 | 19.2 | 20.1 | 41.3 |
| neither | 3 | 360 | 30.7 | 32.2 | 73.5 |
| agree | 4 | 214 | 18.2 | 19.1 | 92.6 |
| definitely agree | 5 | 83 | 7.1 | 7.4 | 100.0 |
|  | . | 55 | 4.7 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 1119 | ssing c | ases 55 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A23.5 Senate -deserves public trust |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| definitely disagree | 1 | 205 | 17.5 | 18.3 | 18.3 |
| disagree | 2 | 179 | 15.2 | 16.0 | 34.3 |
| neither | 3 | 401 | 34.2 | 35.9 | 70.2 |
| agree | 4 | 231 | 19.7 | 20.7 | 90.9 |
| definitely agree | 5 | 102 | 8.7 | 9.1 | 100.0 |
|  | . | 56 | 4.8 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 1118 | ssing c | ases 56 |  |  |  |
| - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - |  |  |  |  |  |
| A23.6 Senate -fortify influence of big parties |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| definitely disagree |  | 126 | 10.7 | 11.3 | 11.3 |
| disagree | 2 | 134 | 11.4 | 12.0 | 23.2 |
| neither | 3 | 339 | 28.9 | 30.3 | 53.5 |
| agree | 4 | 317 | 27.0 | 28.3 | 81.8 |
| definitely agree | 5 | 204 | 17.4 | 18.2 | 100.0 |
|  | . | 54 | 4.6 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
|  | Valid cases 1120 Missing cases 54 |  |  |  |  |
| - - - - - - - - - | - - - | - - - - | - - - | - - - | - - - |
| A24 The number of senators |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |




| neither | 3 | 351 | 29.9 | 31.3 | 79.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| agree | 4 | 143 | 12.2 | 12.8 | 92.0 |
| definitely agree | 5 | 90 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 100.0 |
|  | - | 54 | 4.6 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 1120 | Ssing c | ases 54 |  |  |  |
| - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - |  |  |  |  |  |
| A30.2 Opposition is too strong |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| definitely disagree | 1 | 135 | 11.5 | 12.0 | 12.0 |
| disagree | 2 | 316 | 26.9 | 28.2 | 40.2 |
| neither | 3 | 407 | 34.7 | 36.3 | 76.5 |
| agree | 4 | 191 | 16.3 | 17.0 | 93.5 |
| definitely agree | 5 | 73 | 6.2 | 6.5 | 100.0 |
|  | . | 52 | 4.4 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 1122 Missing cases 52 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A30.3 The government is too weak |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| definitely disagree | 1 | 132 | 11.2 | 11.8 | 11.8 |
| disagree | 2 | 370 | 31.5 | 33.0 | 44.7 |
| neither | 3 | 422 | 35.9 | 37.6 | 82.4 |
| agree | 4 | 153 | 13.0 | 13.6 | 96.0 |
| definitely agree | 5 | 45 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 100.0 |
|  | . | 52 | 4.4 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 1122 Missing cases 52 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A30.4 The opposition is too weak |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| definitely disagree | 1 | 137 | 11.7 | 12.2 | 12.2 |
|  | 2 | 344 | 29.3 | 30.7 | 42.9 |
| neither | 3 | 439 | 37.4 | 39.2 | 82.1 |
| agree | 4 | 143 | 12.2 | 12.8 | 94.9 |
| definitely agree | 5 | 57 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 100.0 |
|  | . | 54 | 4.6 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 1120 | ssing c | ases 54 |  |  |  |
| - - - - - |  |  |  |  |  |
| A31 Satisfaction with political situation |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| very unsatisfied | 1 | 138 | 11.8 | 12.3 | 12.3 |
|  | 2 | 213 | 18.1 | 18.9 | 31.2 |
|  | 3 | 226 | 19.3 | 20.1 | 51.3 |
|  | 4 | 333 | 28.4 | 29.6 | 80.9 |
|  | 5 | 148 | 12.6 | 13.2 | 94.0 |
|  | 6 | 58 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 99.2 |
| very satisfied | 7 | 9 | . 8 | . 8 | 100.0 |
|  | . | 49 | 4.2 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 1125 | ssing c | ases 49 |  |  |  |
| - _ - - - - _ - - - - - - - - - - |  |  |  |  |  |
| A32A Disqualification of candidates by UVK |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| UVK was right | 1 | 238 | 20.3 | 20.9 | 20.9 |
| Court was rightdont know | 2 | 523 | 44.5 | 46.0 | 66.9 |
|  | 3 | 377 | 32.1 | 33.1 | 100.0 |
|  | . | 36 | 3.1 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A32.1 Politician must set an example |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| definitely disagree | 1 | 12 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 |


| disagree | 2 | 28 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 3.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| neither | 3 | 92 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 11.6 |
| agree | 4 | 290 | 24.7 | 25.5 | 37.1 |
| definitely agree | 5 | 715 | 60.9 | 62.9 | 100.0 |
|  | . | 37 | 3.2 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 1137 | ssing | ases 37 |  |  |  |
| A32.2 To forgive a politician his mistakes |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| definitely disagree | 1 | 381 | 32.5 | 33.5 | 33.5 |
| disagree | 2 | 335 | 28.5 | 29.4 | 62.9 |
| neither | 3 | 231 | 19.7 | 20.3 | 83.2 |
| agree | 4 | 150 | 12.8 | 13.2 | 96.4 |
| definitely agree | 5 | 41 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 100.0 |
|  |  | 36 | 3.1 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 1138 | ssing C | ases 36 |  |  |  |
| - - - - - - - - | - - - | - - | - - - - | - - - | - - - |
| A32.3 Bad laws should be cancelled |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| definitely disagree | , | 15 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| disagree | 2 | 23 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 3.4 |
| neither | 3 | 72 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 9.7 |
| agree | 4 | 214 | 18.2 | 18.9 | 28.6 |
| definitely agree | 5 | 810 | 69.0 | 71.4 | 100.0 |
|  |  | 40 | 3.4 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 1134 | ssing c | ases 40 |  |  |  |
| - - - - - - - | - - | - | - - - - | - - - - | - - - |
| A32.4 Law is for everyone, politicians alike |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| definitely disagree | 1 | 24 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| disagree | 2 | 22 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 4.1 |
| neither | 3 | 61 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 9.4 |
| agree | 4 | 150 | 12.8 | 13.2 | 22.7 |
| definitely agree | 5 | 877 | 74.7 | 77.3 | 100.0 |
|  | . | 40 | 3.4 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 1134 | ssing c | ases 40 |  |  |  |
| - - - - - - - - | - - | - - - | - | - - - - | - - - |
| A33A 1-st priority in politics |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| security | 1 | 352 | 30.0 | 31.0 | 31.0 |
| corruption | 2 | 172 | 14.7 | 15.1 | 46.1 |
| health care | 3 | 280 | 23.9 | 24.6 | 70.8 |
| education | 4 | 27 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 73.2 |
| housing | 5 | 143 | 12.2 | 12.6 | 85.7 |
| agriculture | 6 | 46 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 89.8 |
| export | 7 | 41 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 93.4 |
| small business | 8 | 29 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 96.0 |
| banking | 9 | 46 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 100.0 |
|  | . | 38 | 3.2 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 1136 | ssing c | ases 38 |  |  |  |
| - - - - - - - - | - - - | - - - - | - - - | - - | - - |
| A33B 2-nd priority in politics |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| security | 1 | 206 | 17.5 | 18.2 | 18.2 |
| corruption | 2 | 182 | 15.5 | 16.1 | 34.2 |
| health care | 3 | 275 | 23.4 | 24.3 | 58.5 |
| education | 4 | 73 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 65.0 |
| housing | 5 | 172 | 14.7 | 15.2 | 80.1 |
| agriculture | 6 | 64 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 85.8 |
| export | 7 | 35 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 88.9 |
| small business | 8 | 37 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 92.1 |
| banking | 9 | 89 | 7.6 | 7.9 | 100.0 |














| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Valid <br> Percent | Cum Percent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| extreme left | 1 | 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 |
|  | 2 | 49 | 4.2 | 5.0 | 5.2 |
|  | 3 | 120 | 10.2 | 12.3 | 17.6 |
|  | 4 | 378 | 32.2 | 38.9 | 56.5 |
|  | 5 | 271 | 23.1 | 27.9 | 84.4 |
|  | 6 | 138 | 11.8 | 14.2 | 98.6 |
| extreme right | 7 | 14 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 100.0 |
|  |  | 202 | 17.2 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 972 | ssing | ases 202 |  |  |  |
| B17 A=individual freedom; B=equality |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| disagree | 0 | 173 | 14.7 | 17.8 | 17.8 |
| agree A | 1 | 501 | 42.7 | 51.5 | 69.3 |
| agree B | 2 | 299 | 25.5 | 30.7 | 100.0 |
|  | . | 201 | 17.1 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 973 | ssing cad | ases 201 |  |  |  |
| - - - - - - | - | - - - - - | - - - - | - - - | - - - |
| POHL18 SEX |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| male | 1 | 497 | 42.3 | 50.2 | 50.2 |
| female | 2 | 494 | 42.1 | 49.8 | 100.0 |
|  | . | 183 | 15.6 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 991 Missing cases 183 |  |  |  |  |  |
| VZDEL19 EDUCATION |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| primary | 1 | 103 | 8.8 | 10.6 | 10.6 |
| vocational | 2 | 316 | 26.9 | 32.6 | 43.2 |
| secondary | 3 | 404 | 34.4 | 41.7 | 84.9 |
| university | 4 | 146 | 12.4 | 15.1 | 100.0 |
|  | . | 205 | 17.5 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| lower | 1 | 49 | 4.2 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| lower middle | 2 | 234 | 19.9 | 23.9 | 28.9 |
| middle | 3 | 455 | 38.8 | 46.5 | 75.4 |
| upper middle | 4 | 64 | 5.5 | 6.5 | 81.9 |
| upper | 5 | 9 | . 8 | . 9 | 82.8 |
| none | 6 | 22 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 85.1 |
| refused classes | 7 | 76 | 6.5 | 7.8 | 92.8 |
| refused answer | 8 | 28 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 95.7 |
| dont know | 9 | 42 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 100.0 |
|  | . | 195 | 16.6 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 979 Missing cases 195 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| KRAJ22 REGION |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| Prague | 1 | 95 | 8.1 | 9.6 | 9.6 |
| Centr.Bohemia | 2 | 142 | 12.1 | 14.3 | 23.9 |
| South Bohemia | 3 | 72 | 6.1 | 7.3 | 31.1 |
| West Bohemia | 4 | 75 | 6.4 | 7.6 | 38.7 |
| North Bohemia | 5 | 94 | 8.0 | 9.5 | 48.2 |
| East Bohemia | 6 | 130 | 11.1 | 13.1 | 61.3 |
| South Moravia | 7 | 179 | 15.2 | 18.0 | 79.3 |
| North Moravia | 8 | 205 | 17.5 | 20.7 | 100.0 |
|  | . | 182 | 15.5 | Missing |  |


| Total 1174 |  |  | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid cases 992 Missing cases 182 |  |  |  |  |  |
| - - - - - - | - - - | - |  | - - - - | - - - | - - - |
| BYDL23 SIZE OF THE COMMUNITY |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| <2000 | 1 | 168 | 14.3 | 17.0 | 17.0 |
| 2000-5000 | 2 | 119 | 10.1 | 12.0 | 29.0 |
| 5000-10000 | 3 | 92 | 7.8 | 9.3 | 38.2 |
| 10000-50000 | 4 | 266 | 22.7 | 26.8 | 65.1 |
| 50000-100000 | 5 | 126 | 10.7 | 12.7 | 77.8 |
| >100000 | 6 | 86 | 7.3 | 8.7 | 86.5 |
| Brno | 7 | 39 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 90.4 |
| Prague | 8 | 95 | 8.1 | 9.6 | 100.0 |
|  | . | 183 | 15.6 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 991 Missing cases 183 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ZAM24 EMPLOYMENT STATUS |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| worker | 1 | 175 | 14.9 | 17.7 | 17.7 |
| state employee | 2 | 104 | 8.9 | 10.5 | 28.2 |
| other employee | 3 | 345 | 29.4 | 34.9 | 63.1 |
| agricultural w. | 4 | 15 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 64.6 |
| self-employed | 5 | 131 | 11.2 | 13.2 | 77.9 |
| retired | 6 | 130 | 11.1 | 13.1 | 91.0 |
| housewife | 7 | 18 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 92.8 |
| student | 8 | 25 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 95.3 |
| unemployed | 9 | 15 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 96.9 |
| other | 10 | 31 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 100.0 |
|  | . | 185 | 15.8 | Missing |  |
|  |  | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 989 Missing cases |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { - - - - - - - - - - - } \\ \text { VEK4 } & \text { AGE - groups } \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Value Label |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
|  | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| <29 | 1.00 | 276 | 23.5 | 25.6 | 25.6 |
| 30-44 | 2.00 | 378 | 32.2 | 35.1 | 60.7 |
| 45-59 | 3.00 | 307 | 26.1 | 28.5 | 89.2 |
| >60 | 4.00 | 116 | 9.9 | 10.8 | 100.0 |
|  | . | 97 | 8.3 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 1077 | ssing c | ases 97 |  |  |  |
| - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - |  |  |  |  |  |
| STRANA2 Party of senator in 2-nd round |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Valid | Cum |
| Value Label | Value | Frequency | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| CSSD | 2.00 | 64 | 5.5 | 22.5 | 22.5 |
| ODS | 3.00 | 153 | 13.0 | 53.7 | 76.1 |
| ODA | 8.00 | 19 | 1.6 | 6.7 | 82.8 |
| KDU-CSL | 10.00 | 25 | 2.1 | 8.8 | 91.6 |
| KSCM | 15.00 | 8 | . 7 | 2.8 | 94.4 |
| others | 95.00 | 15 | 1.3 | 5.3 | 99.6 |
| dont know | 98.00 | 1 | . 1 | . 4 | 100.0 |
|  | . | 128 | 10.9 | Missing |  |
|  | -9.00 | 761 | 64.8 | Missing |  |
|  | Total | 1174 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
| Valid cases 285 | ssing c | ases 889 |  |  |  |

